



OVERVIEW OF REPORT FOR JOURNALS

Research in global health emergencies: ethical issues

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The Nuffield Council on Bioethics has published the findings of an in-depth inquiry on ethical issues relating to research in global health emergencies. The inquiry was run by an international working group which gathered evidence from contributors across the globe.

The report of our inquiry identifies ways that research can be undertaken ethically during emergencies. It presents an ethical compass to guide research conduct at policy level and on the ground, with three guiding values: fairness, equal respect, and helping reduce suffering. A diagram of the ethical compass (overleaf) provides prompts that those involved in the wider research ecosystem should think through.

Several of our recommendations are directed to journals. We suggest that changes in line with these recommendations would align journals' policies and practices more closely with our three guiding values. The recommendations include:

- Exploring ways to recognise intellectual input into research findings through inclusive authorship criteria or other means of crediting the names of primary research contributors (recommendation 20);
- Considering publication policies that promote the inclusion of primary researchers in reanalysis of shared data or samples (recommendation 20); and
- Ensuring individuals working in low- and middle-income countries can access research findings freely (recommendation 20).

The full list of our recommendations is published in the long report and executive summary, both available at www.nuffieldbioethics.org. We have summarised these in the following call for action to research funders, governments, and others.

A call for action

We want to maximise the contribution that scientifically robust, ethical research can make to improving the health of people affected by emergencies.

We are issuing a call for action to research funders, governments, and others to:

- Ensure that research is not supported unless the basic health needs of research participants are being addressed through the response effort. Research funders will need to work in partnerships with humanitarian organisations and ministries of health to ensure this.
- Invest in putting community engagement mechanisms into emergency research to make them a reality. In the longer term, engagement must be a central part of local healthcare systems to ensure sustainability and preparedness.
- Promote fair and equitable collaborations between research organisations, particularly between external research institutions and their local partners in high- and low-income settings.
- Support emergency planning – including securing robust health and health research systems – given the vital importance of properly resourced preparedness between emergencies.

AN ETHICAL COMPASS TO GUIDE DECISION-MAKING

